AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Docket No.: 27392/26949

1. (Currently Amended) Method for determining an envelope curve of a modulated input signal comprising:

generating digital samples by digitally sampling a modulated input signal in the time-domain,

generating Fourier-transformed samples by Fourier transforming the digital samples,

generating sideband-cleaned, Fourier-transformed samples by removing all negative frequency samples or all positive frequency samples from the Fourier-transformed samples and further removing a level component at a zero frequency,

generating inverse-transformed samples by inverse Fourier transforming the sideband-cleaned, Fourier-transformed samples,

calculating the absolute values of the inverse-transformed samples, and displaying an envelope curve in the time domain of the modulated input signal based on the absolute values of the inverse-transformed samples.

2-3. (Canceled)

- 4. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 1, comprising calculating the logarithms of the absolute values of the inverse-transformed samples relative to an effective value of the inverse-transformed samples.
- 5. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 4, comprising displaying the frequency distribution of the logarithms as a function of a logarithmized level (complementary cumulative distribution function diagram).

6-10. (Canceled)

11. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim [[10]] 1, comprising processing the inverse-transformed samples further only in such a limited range that a cyclic continuation, which is caused by the Fourier transform and inverse Fourier transform, is suppressed.

- 12. (Currently Amended) Method according to claim [[10]] 1, comprising calculating the logarithms of the absolute values of the inverse-transformed samples relative to an effective value of the inverse-transformed samples.
- 13. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 12, comprising displaying the frequency distribution of the logarithms as a function of a logarithmized level (complementary cumulative distribution function diagram).

14-17. (Canceled)

18. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of:

processing the inverse-transformed samples further only in such a limited range that a cyclic continuation, which is caused by the Fourier transform and inverse Fourier transform, is suppressed.

- 19. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 18, comprising calculating the logarithms of the absolute values of the inverse-transformed samples relative to an effective value of the inverse-transformed samples.
- 20. (Previously Presented) Method according to claim 19, comprising displaying the frequency distribution of the logarithms as a function of a logarithmized level (complementary cumulative distribution function diagram).

21-24. Canceled)

25. (Currently Amended) A computing apparatus comprising: a display unit that is capable of generating video images;

a processing apparatus operatively coupled to the display unit, the processing apparatus comprising a processor and a memory operatively coupled to the processor, the processing apparatus being programmed to:

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generate digital samples by digital sampling a modulated input signal in the time-domain,

generate Fourier-transformed samples by Fourier transforming the digital samples,

generate sideband-cleaned, Fourier-transformed samples comprising removing all negative frequency samples or all positive frequency samples from the Fourier-transformed samples and further removing a level component at a zero frequency,

generate inverse-transformed samples by inverse Fourier transforming the sideband-cleaned, Fourier-transformed samples,

calculate the absolute values of the inverse-transformed samples, and output to the display unit an envelope curve in the time-domain of the modulated input signal based on the absolute values of the inverse-transformed samples.

- 26. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 25, comprising calculating the logarithms of the absolute values of the inverse-transformed samples relative to an effective value of the inverse-transformed samples.
- 27. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 26, comprising displaying the frequency distribution of the logarithms as a function of a logarithmized level (complementary cumulative distribution function diagram).

28. (Canceled)

29. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim [[28]] <u>25</u>, comprising processing the inverse-transformed samples further only in such a limited range that a cyclic continuation, which is caused by the Fourier transform and inverse Fourier transform, is suppressed.

30. (Currently Amended) The apparatus of claim [[28]] <u>25</u>, comprising calculating the logarithms of the absolute values of the inverse-transformed samples relative to an effective value of the inverse-transformed samples.

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- 31. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 30, comprising displaying the frequency distribution of the logarithms as a function of a logarithmized level (complementary cumulative distribution function diagram).
- 32. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 25, further comprising processing the inverse-transformed samples further only in such a limited range that a cyclic continuation, which is caused by the Fourier transform and inverse Fourier transform, is suppressed.
- 33. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 32, comprising calculating the logarithms of the absolute values of the inverse-transformed samples relative to an effective value of the inverse-transformed samples.
- 34. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 33, comprising displaying the frequency distribution of the logarithms as a function of a logarithmized level (complementary cumulative distribution function diagram).